LED41 series

- Mid-IR LED Series
- 3.95 4.09 μm
- 12-30 μW QCW





Description

LED41 series are fabricated from narrow band-gap InAsSb/InAsSbP heterostructures lattice matched to InAs substrate. This Mid-IR LEDs provide a typical peak wavelength of $3.95 - 4.09 \, \mu m$, an optical power of typ. $40 \, \mu W$ QCW. There are different options of packaging available, as you can choose between TO-can, with parabolic reflector (R), window (W), and containing thermoelectric cooler and thermoresistor (T).

Maximum Ratings

| Double of the state of the stat | Symbol | Val | I I m i 4 | |
|--|--------------------|------|-----------|------|
| Parameter | | Min. | Max. | Unit |
| Operating Current, QCW mode | IQCW max | | 250 | mA |
| Operating Current, pulsed mode | I PULSE max | | 2000 | mA |
| Storage Temperature * | I STR | -60 | +90 | °C |
| Operating Temperature * | TCASE | -60 | +90 | °C |
| Lead Solder Temperature *2 | T_{SLD} | | +180 | °C |

^{*} Temperature range may vary for different packaging types

LED Characteristics

$(T_{CASE}=25^{\circ}C)$

| Parameter | Symbol | Conditions | Min. | Values Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|---------------------------------|------------------|---------------------------|------|----------------|------|------|
| Peak Wavelength | λ_P | I _F =150mA QCW | 3.95 | | 4.09 | μm |
| Half Width (FWHM) | $\Delta \lambda$ | I _F =150mA QCW | 400 | | 1200 | nm |
| Optical Output Power, QCW * | Po | QCW mode * | 12 | 20 | | μW |
| Optical Output Power, pulsed *2 | Po | Pulse mode *2 | 100 | 150 | | μW |
| Operating Voltage | V_{OP} | I _F =200mA QCW | 0.2 | | 0.8 | V |
| Switching Time | <i>t</i> s | | | | | ns |

^{*} Repetition rate: 0.5 kHz, pulse duration: 1 ms, duty cycle: 50%, current: 200 mA

Packages

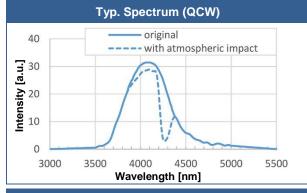
| Part Number | Package |
|-------------|--|
| LED41 | TO-18 with cap without glass window |
| LED41-R | TO-18 with parabolic reflector without glass window |
| LED41-RW | TO-18 with parabolic reflector with glass window |
| LED41-TW | TO-5 with built-in thermocooler and thermoresistor, covered by cap with glass window |
| LED41-TRW | TO-5 with built-in thermocooler and thermoresistor, covered by parabolic reflector with glass window |

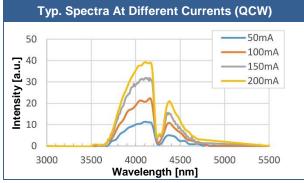
All parameters refer to LEDs in TO18 package with a cavity and operation at ambient temperature 25°C unless otherwise stated.

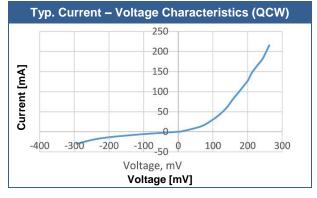
^{*2} must be completed within 5 seconds

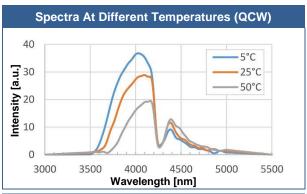
^{*2} Repetition rate: 0.5 kHz, pulse duration: 20 μs, duty cycle: 1%, current: 1 A

Performance Characteristics



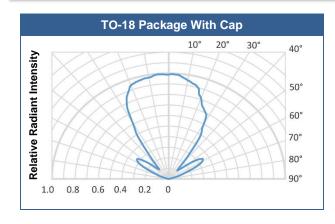


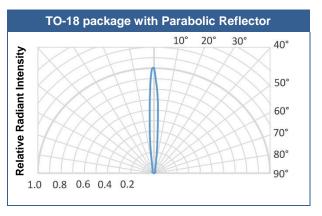




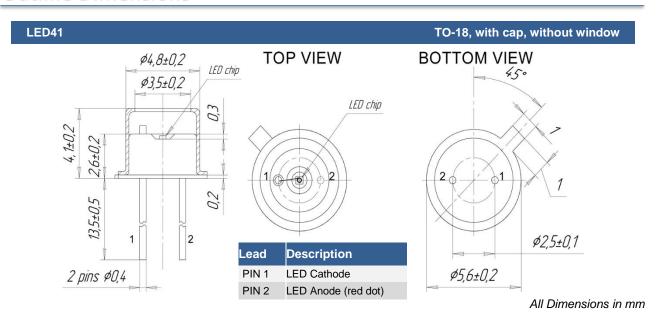


Radiant Characteristics (Far-Field Pattern)



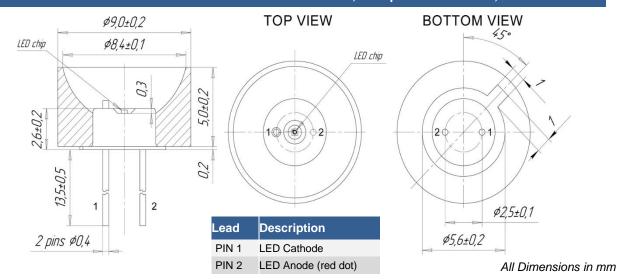


Outline Dimensions





TO-18, with parabolic reflector, without window





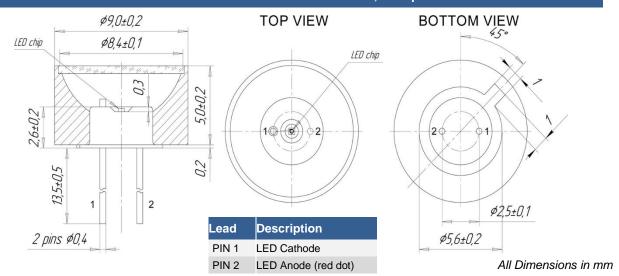
ROITHNER LASERTECHNIK GmbH

WIEDNER HAUPTSTRASSE 76 IO40 VIENNA AUSTRIA TEL. +43 I 586 52 43 -0, FAX. -44 OFFICE@ROITHNER-LASER.COM



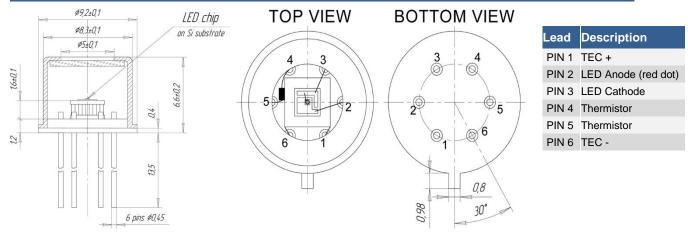
LED41-RW

TO-18, with parabolic reflector and window



LED41-TW

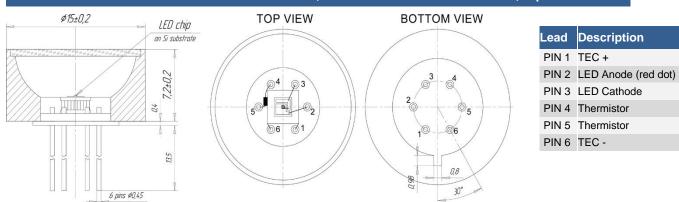
TO-5, thermocooler and thermoresistor, cap and window



All Dimensions in mm

LED41-TRW

TO-5, thermocooler and thermoresistor, cap and window

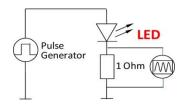


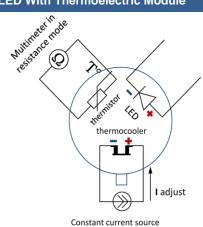
All Dimensions in mm

Operating Regime

LED Basic Circuit Connection

LED With Thermoelectric Module



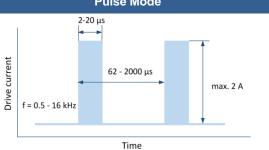


We recommend to use **Quasi Continuous Wave (QCW) mode** with duty cycle 50% or 25% to obtain maximum average optical power and **Pulse mode** to obtain maximum peak power. Hard CW (continuous wave) mode is **NOT** recommended.

Quasi Continuous Wave (QCW) mode

f = 0.5 - 16 kHz Time

Pulse Mode



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Precautions

Cautions:

- Check your connection circuits before turning on the LED.
- Mind the LED polarity: LED anode is marked with a RED dot. Reverse voltage applying is FORBIDDEN!
- DO NOT connect the LED to the multimeter.
- Control the current applied to the LED in order not to exceed the maximum allowable values.

Soldering:

- · Do avoid overheating of the LED
- Do avoid electrostatic discharge (ESD)
- Do avoid mechanical stress, shock, and vibration
- Do only use non-corrosive flux
- . Do not apply current to the LED until it has cooled down to room temperature after soldering

Static Electricity:

LEDs are **sensitive to electrostatic discharge (ESD)**. Precautions against ESD must be taken when handling or operating these LEDs. Surge voltage or electrostatic discharge can result in complete failure of the device.



Operation:

Do only operate LEDs with a current source.

Running these LEDs from a voltage source will result in complete failure of the device.

Current of a LED is an exponential function of the voltage across it. Usage of current regulated drive circuits is mandatory.

Revisions History

| Rev. | Rel. Date | Chapter | Modification | Page |
|------|------------|---------|-----------------|------|
| A1 | 2019-12-04 | - | Initial release | - |

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The above specifications are for reference purpose only and subjected to change without prior notice