

# ROITHNER LASERTECHNIK GIRDH

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## VL400-5050

### **TECHNICAL DATA**



## High Power UV LED, SMD 5x5 mm Ceramic

### **Features**

- Zener diode is built in the protective circuit against static electricity
- Low Voltage DC Operated
- High Power Intensity
- Complies with RoHS Directive



## Specifications (25°C)

Item	Symbol	Value	Unit				
Absolute Maximum Ratings							
DC Forward Current	I <sub>F</sub>	350	mA				
Peak Pulse Forward Current *	I <sub>FP</sub>	420	mA				
Reverse Voltage	U <sub>R</sub>	5	V				
Power Dissipation	P <sub>D</sub>	1000	mW				
Operating Temperature	T <sub>OP</sub>	-40 +85	°C				
Storage Temperature	T <sub>STG</sub>	-40 +100	°C				
Soldering Temperature (for 5 sec.)	T <sub>SOL</sub>	260 ± 5	°C				

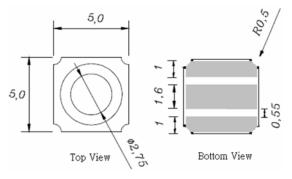
<sup>\*</sup> Note: 1/200 duty cycle, 10 µs pulse width

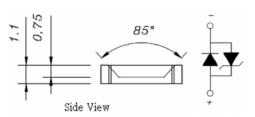
Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit				
Optical Specifications									
CW Output Power *1	Po	100	-	110	mW				
Peak Wavelength *2	$\lambda_{P}$	395	400	405	nm				
Viewing Angle	φ	120			deg.				
Electrical Specifications									
Forward Current	I <sub>F</sub>	-	350	-	mA				
Forward Voltage *3	$V_{F}$	3.2	-	4.2	V				

<sup>\*</sup> Note:

- 1. Peak wavelength measurement allowance is  $\pm 2$  nm
- 2. Optical outur measurement allowance is  $\pm 10\%$
- 3. Forward voltage measurement allowance is ± 0.2 V

## Outline Dimensons (Unit: mm, Tolerance: ±0.2 mm)





Note: the cathode is denoted by a black dot on the device surface



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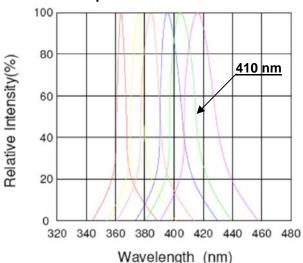




## **Typical Performance Curves**

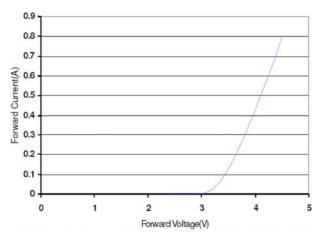
**Spectral Distribution** 

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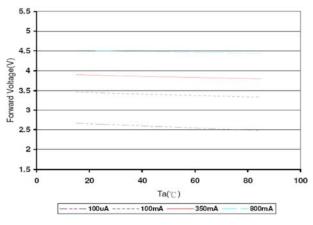


## **Ambient Temperature vs. Forward Voltage**

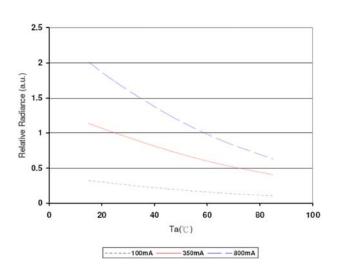
## Forward Voltage vs. Forward Current

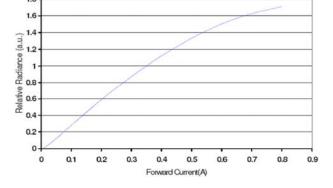


#### Forward Current vs. Relative Radiance

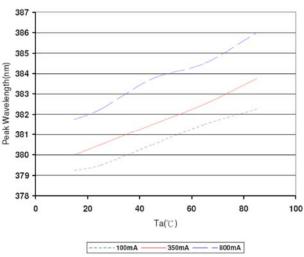


### **Ambient Temperature vs. Relative Radiance**





### Ambient Temperature vs. Peak Wavelength





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### Reliability

No.	Test Item	Standard Test Methode	Test Conditions	Note	Sample	Pass
1	Steady State Operating Life	Internal Ref.	I <sub>F</sub> =350mA	1000 Hr	20	ОК
2	Soldering Test	JESD22-B102-C	260°C max	2 Times	20	OK
3	Reflow Test	JESD22-B102-C	260°C max	2 Times	20	ОК
4	Themal Shock	JESD22-A106-A	-40°C +85°C	84 Cycles	20	OK
5	Temperature Cycle	JESD22-A104-A	-35°C +75°C	168 Cycles	20	ОК
6	High Temperature Storage	JESD22-A103-A	Tstg=85°C	1000 Hr	20	ОК
7	Low Temperature Storage	Internal Ref.	Tstg=-40°C	1000 Hr	20	ОК
8	High Temperature High Humidity	JESD22-A101-B	Ta=85°C, RH=85%	1000 Hr	20	ОК
9	On-Off Test	Internal Ref.	2sec ON, 2sec OFF	100000 cycle	20	ОК
10	ESD Test	JEITA ED-4701 300 304	R=1.5kΩ, C=100pF Test Voltage = 2KV	3 times Negative/Positive	20	ОК

#### Conclusions:

- 1. The reliability tests were designed to evaluate both package integrity as well as workability of product performance over time.
- 2. All samples have done well by competed test required and passed all the qualification criteria with zero failure. From design standpoint, this package is robust enough to meet it's data sheet conditions.
- 3. Based on the food result shown on the above test, this product is qualified and released for market.

#### Precaution for Use

#### 1. Cautions

- This device is a UV LED, which radiates UV light during operation.
- DO NOT look directly into the UV light or look through the optical system. To prevent in adequate exposure of UV radiation, wear UV protective glasses.

#### 2. Surface Mount Condition

In automatic mounting of the SMD LEDs on printed circuit boards, any bending, expanding and pulling forces or shock against the SMD LEDs should be kept min. to prevent them from electrical failures and mechanical damages of the devices.



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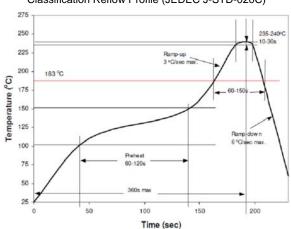
#### 3. Reflow Soldering

- Soldering of the SMD LEDs should conform to soldering condition in the individual specifications.
- SMD LEDs are designed for Reflow Soldering.
- In the reflow soldering, too high temperature and too large temperature gradient such as rapid heating/cooling may cause electrical & optical failures and damages of the devices.
- We cannot guarantee the LEDs after they have been assembled using the solder dipping methode.
- After LEDs have been soldered, repairs should not be done. As repair is unavoidable, a double-head soldering iron should be used. It should be confirmed beforehand whether the characteristitcs of the LEDs will be damaged by repairing or not.
- Reflow soldering should not be done more than two times.

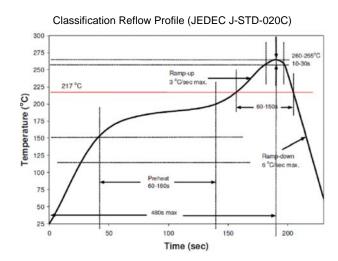
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#### **Lead Solder**

## Classification Reflow Profile (JEDEC J-STD-020C)

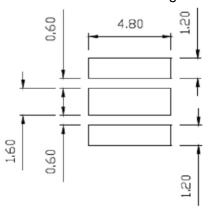


### **Lead-Free Solder**



### Manual Soldering conditions

- 1. Lead Solder: max. 300°C for max. 3sec, and only one time.
- 2. Lead-free Solder: max. 350°C for max. 3sec, and only one time.
- Recommended Soldering Pattern:





### 4. Static Electricity

- The LEDs are very sensitive to Static Electricity and surge voltage. So it is recommended that a wrist band or an anti-electrostatic glove be used when handling the LEDs.
- All devices, equipment and machinery must be grounded properly. It is recommended that precautions should be taken against surge voltage to the equipment that mounts the LEDs.

#### 5. Heat Generation

• The powered LEDs generate heat. Heat dissipation should be considered in the application design to avoid the environmental conditions for operation in excess of the absolute maximum ratings.