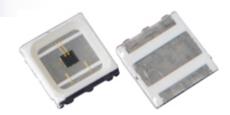
v 1.1 30.09.2014

SMB1N-870

- Infrared High Power LED
- 870 nm, 440 mW
- SMD package, PA9T
- Dimension: 5.0 x 5.2 x 1.0 mm
- Viewing Angle: 130°





Description

SMB1N-870 is a surface mount AlGaAs High Power LED with a typical peak wavelength of 870 nm and radiation of 440 mW. It comes in SMD package (PA9T) with silver plated soldering pads (lead free solderable), copper heat sink, and molded with silicone resin.

Maximum Ratings (TCASE=25°C)

Downwoodow	Cumbal	Val	Heit	
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit
Power Dissipation	P_D		2000	mW
Forward Current	IF		1000	mA
Pulse Forward Current *1	I _{FP}		3000	mA
Reverse Voltage	V _F		5	V
Thermal Resistance	R_{THJA}		10	K/W
Junction Temperature	T_J		120	°C
Operating Temperature	T_{CASE}	- 40	+ 100	°C
Storage Temperature	T _{STG}	- 40	+ 100	°C
Lead Solder Temperature *2	T_{SLD}		+ 250	°C

Electro-Optical Characteristics $(T_{CASE}=25^{\circ}C)$

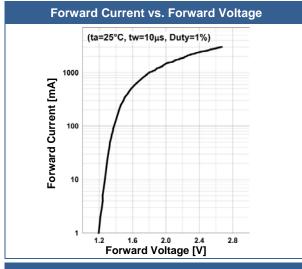
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Values Typ.	Max.	Unit
Peak Wavelength	λ_P	I _F =1A	860	870	880	nm
Half Width	$\Delta \lambda$	I _F =1A		43		nm
Forward Voltage	V_F	$I_F=1A$		1.8	2.0	V
	V_{FP}	I _{FP} =3A		2.7		
Radiated Power *1	Po	$I_F=1A$		440		mW
		I _{FP} =3A		1210		
Radiant Intensity *2	I _E	$I_F=1A$		200		mW/sr
		I _{FP} =3A		550		
Viewing Angle	φ	$I_F=100mA$		130		deg.
Rise Time	t_R	I _F =1A		50		ns
Fall Time	tϝ	I _F =1A		50		ns

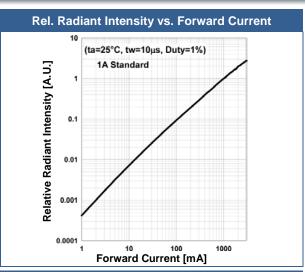
^{*1} measured by S3584-08

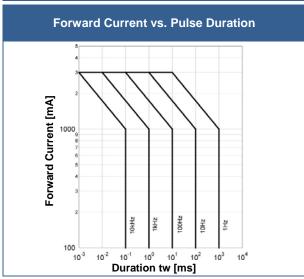
^{*&}lt;sup>1</sup> duty=1%, pulse width = 10 μs *² must be completed within 5 seconds

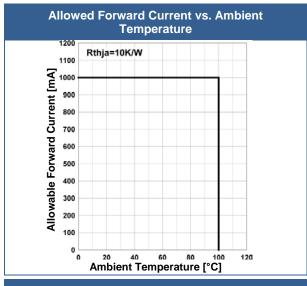
^{*2} measured by CIE127-2007 Condition B

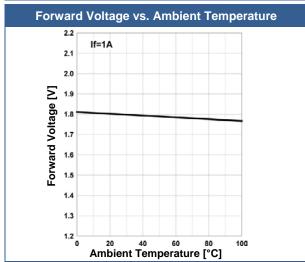
Typical Performance Curves

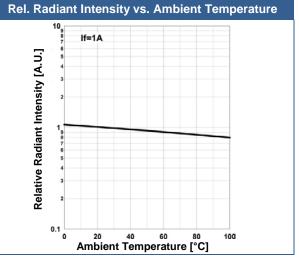










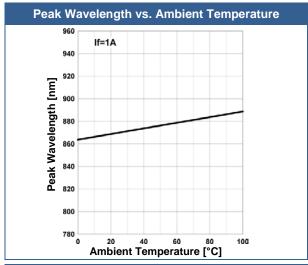


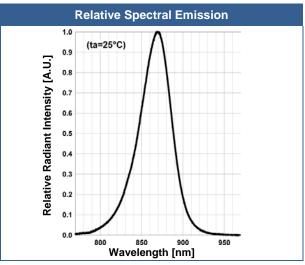


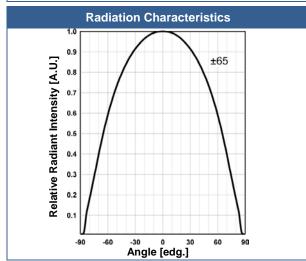
ROITHNER LASERTECHNIK GMBH

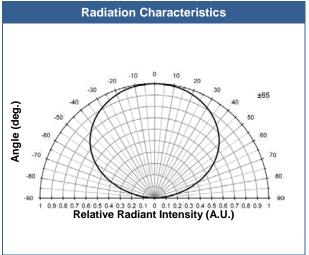
WIEDNER HAUPTSTRASSE 76 IO40 VIENNA AUSTRI TEL. +43 I 586 52 43 -0. FAX. -44 OFFICE@ROITHNER-LASER.COM



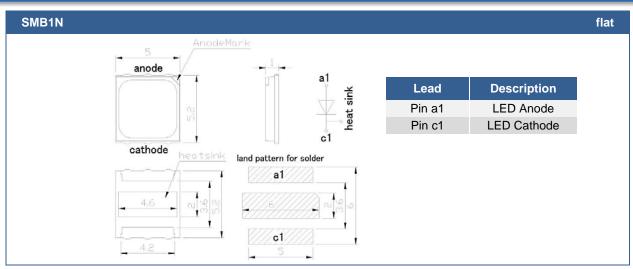








Outline Dimensions



All Dimensions in mm

Precautions

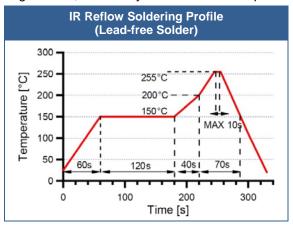
Soldering:

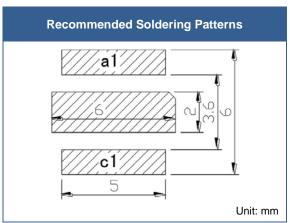
- · Do avoid overheating of the LED
- Do avoid electrostatic discharge (ESD)
- Do avoid mechanical stress, shock, and vibration
- Do only use non-corrosive flux
- Do not apply current to the LED until it has cooled down to room temperature after soldering

Recommended soldering conditions:

This LED is designed to be reflow soldered on to a PCB. If dip soldered or hand soldered, its reliability cannot be guarantee.

Nitrogen reflow soldering is recommended. Air flow soldering conditions can cause optical degradation, caused by heat and/or atmosphere.





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Above table specifies the maximum allowed duration and temperature during soldering. It is strongly advised to perform soldering at the shortest time and lowest temperature possible.

Cleaning:

Cleaning with isopropyl alcohol, propanol, or ethyl alcohol is recommended

DO NOT USE acetone, chloroseen, trichloroethylene, or MKS

DO NOT USE ultrasonic cleaners

Static Electricity:

LEDs are sensitive to electrostatic discharge (ESD). Precautions against ESD must be taken when handling or operating these LEDs. Surge voltage or electrostatic discharge can result in complete failure of the device.

Radiation:

During operation these LEDs do emit **high intensity light**, which is hazardous to skin and eyes, and may cause cancer. Do avoid exposure to the emitted light. **Protective glasses are recommended**. It is further advised to attach a warning label on products/systems.

Operation:

Do only operate LEDs with a current source.

Running these LEDs from a voltage source will result in complete failure of the device. Current of a LED is an exponential function of the voltage across it. Usage of current regulated drive circuits is mandatory.

The above specifications are for reference purpose only and subjected to change without prior notice

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