Rev. 1.4, 16.10.2019

SMB1N-1050

• Infrared High Power LED

• 1050 nm, 35 mW

• SMD package, PA9T

• Dimension: 5.0 x 5.2 x 1.0 mm

• Viewing Angle: 134°





Description

SMB1N-1050 is a surface mount InGaAsP High Power LED with a typical peak wavelength of **1050 nm** and radiation of **35mW**. It comes in SMD package (PA9T) with silver plated soldering pads (lead free solderable), copper heat sink, and molded with silicone resin.

Maximum Ratings (TCASE=25°C)

B	O. mak ad	Val	1126		
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	
Power Dissipation	PD		1000	mW	
Forward Current	IF		600	mA	
Pulse Forward Current *1	IFP		2000	mA	
Reverse Voltage	VF		5	V	
Thermal Resistance	RTHJA		10	K/W	
Junction Temperature	TJ		120	°C	
Operating Temperature	TCASE	- 40	+ 85	°C	
Storage Temperature	T_{STG}	- 40	+ 100	°C	
Lead Solder Temperature *2	T _{SLD}		+ 250	°C	

^{*1} duty=1%, pulse width = 10 µs

Electro-Optical Characteristics (TCASE=25°C)

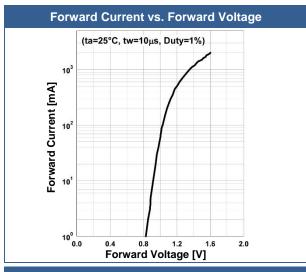
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Values Typ.	Max.	Unit
Peak Wavelength	λ_P	I _F =500mA	1000		1100	nm
Half Width	$\Delta \lambda$	I _F =500mA		48		nm
Forward Voltage	V_F	I _F =500mA		1.2	1.65	V
	V_{FP}	I _{FP} =2A		1.6	3.5	
Radiated Power *1	Po	I _F =500mA		35		mW
		I _{FP} =2A		94		
Radiant Intensity *2	IE	I _F =500mA		11		mW/sr
		I _{FP} =2A		31		
Viewing Angle	φ	I _F =100mA		134		deg.
Rise Time	t_R	I _F =500mA		120		ns
Fall Time	tϝ	I _F =500mA		80		ns

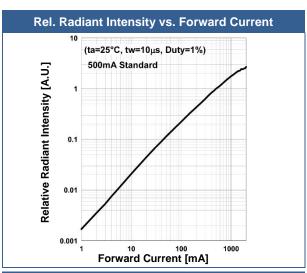
^{*1} measured by G8370-85

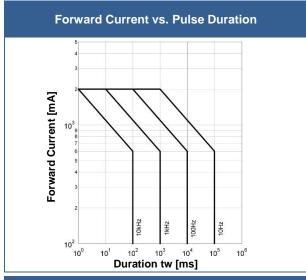
^{*2} must be completed within 5 seconds

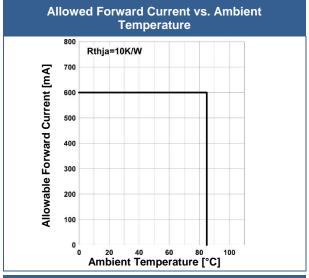
^{*2} measured by ANDO Optical Multi Meter AQ2140 & AQ2743

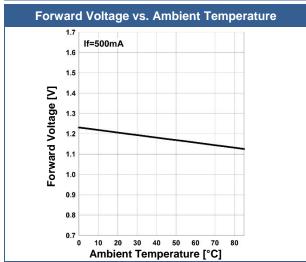
Typical Performance Curves

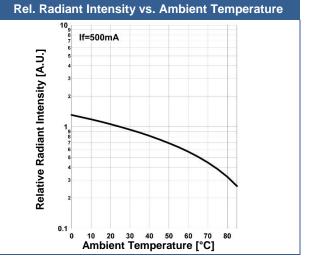










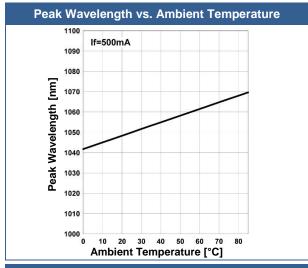


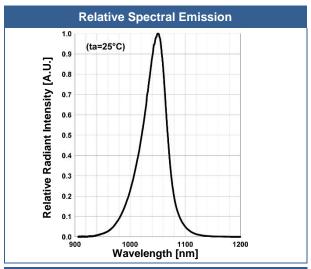


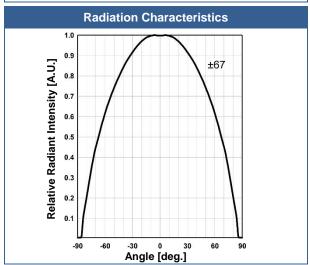
ROITHNER LASERTECHNIK GMBH

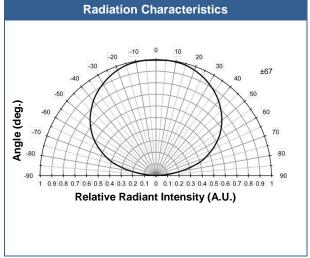
WIEDNER HAUPTSTRASSE 76 IO40 VIENNA AUSTRIA TEL. +43 I 586 52 43 -0, FAX. -44 OFFICE@ROITHNER-LASER.COM



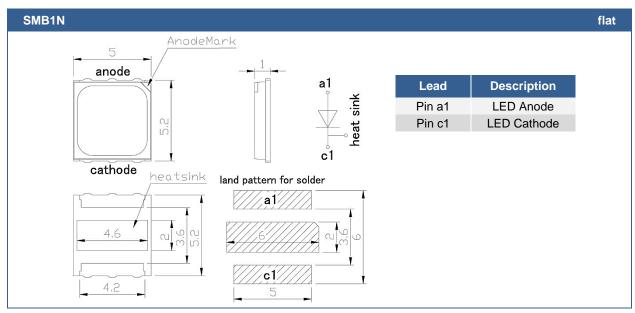








Outline Dimensions



All Dimensions in mm

Precautions

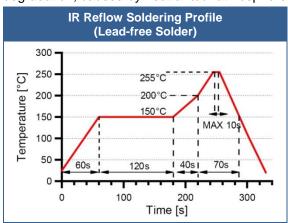
Soldering:

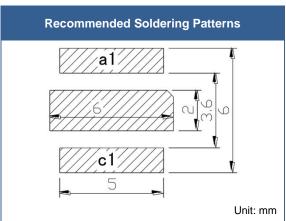
- Do avoid overheating of the LED
- Do avoid electrostatic discharge (ESD)
- Do avoid mechanical stress, shock, and vibration
- Do only use non-corrosive flux
- Do not apply current to the LED until it has cooled down to room temperature after soldering

Recommended soldering conditions:

This LED is designed to be reflow soldered on to a PCB. If dip soldered or hand soldered, its reliability cannot be guarantee.

Nitrogen reflow soldering is recommended. Air flow soldering conditions can cause optical degradation, caused by heat and/or atmosphere.





4

Above table specifies the maximum allowed duration and temperature during soldering. It is strongly advised to perform soldering at the shortest time and lowest temperature possible.

Cleaning:

Cleaning with isopropyl alcohol, propanol, or ethyl alcohol is recommended

DO NOT USE acetone, chloroseen, trichloroethylene, or MKS

DO NOT USE ultrasonic cleaners

Static Electricity:

LEDs are sensitive to electrostatic discharge (ESD). Precautions against ESD must be taken when handling or operating these LEDs. Surge voltage or electrostatic discharge can result in complete failure of the device.

Radiation:

During operation these LEDs do emit **high intensity light**, which is hazardous to skin and eyes, and may cause cancer. Do avoid exposure to the emitted light. **Protective glasses are recommended**. It is further advised to attach a warning label on products/systems.

Operation:

Do only operate LEDs with a current source.

Running these LEDs from a voltage source will result in complete failure of the device. Current of a LED is an exponential function of the voltage across it. Usage of current regulated drive circuits is mandatory.

The above specifications are for reference purpose only and subjected to change without prior notice

[©] All Rights Reserved