

# SMB1N-1050-02

- Infrared High Power LED
- 1050 nm, 35 mW
- SMD package, PA9T
- Dimension: 5.0 x 5.2 x 5.5 mm
- Viewing Angle: 20°

### Description





Rev. 1.4, 19.12.2018

**SMB1N-1050-02** is a surface mount InGaAsP High Power LED with a typical peak wavelength of **1050 nm** and radiation of **35mW**. It comes in SMD package (PA9T) with silver plated soldering pads (lead free solderable), copper heat sink, and molded with silicone resin.

### Maximum Ratings (T<sub>CASE</sub>=25°C)

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Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	
Power Dissipation	PD		1000	mW	
Forward Current	lF		600	mA	
Pulse Forward Current *1	IFP		2000	mA	
Reverse Voltage	VF		5	V	
Thermal Resistance	Rthja		10	K/W	
Junction Temperature	$T_J$		100	°C	
Operating Temperature	TCASE	- 40	+ 85	°C	
Storage Temperature	TSTG	- 40	+ 100	°C	
Lead Solder Temperature *2	T <sub>SLD</sub>		+ 250	°C	

\*1 duty=1%, pulse width = 10  $\mu$ s

\*2 must be completed within 5 seconds

# Electro-Optical Characteristics (TCASE=25°C)

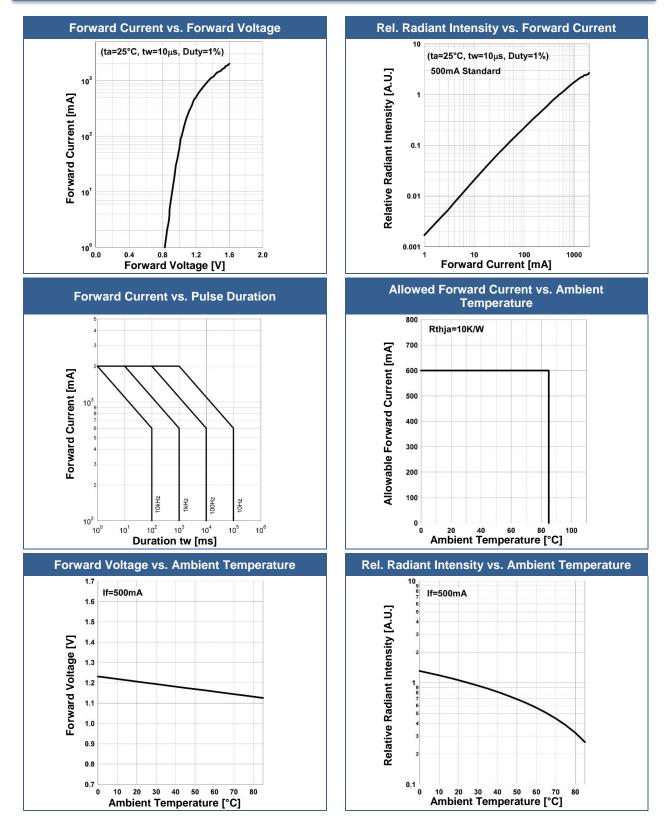
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Values Typ.	Max.	Unit
Peak Wavelength	$\lambda_P$	I⊧=500mA	1000		1100	nm
Half Width	$\Delta \lambda$	I⊧=500mA		48		nm
Forward Voltage	VF	I <sub>F</sub> =500mA		1.2	1.65	V
	VFP	IFP=2A		1.6	3.5	
Radiated Power *1	Po	I⊧=500mA		35		mW
	FO	IFP=2A		94		
Radiant Intensity *2	IE	I⊧=500mA		80		mW/sr
	IE	IFP=2A		210		
Viewing Angle	φ	I <sub>F</sub> =100mA		20		deg.
Rise Time	t <sub>R</sub>	I⊧=500mA		120		ns
Fall Time	t <sub>F</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> =500mA		80		ns

\*1 measured by G8370-85

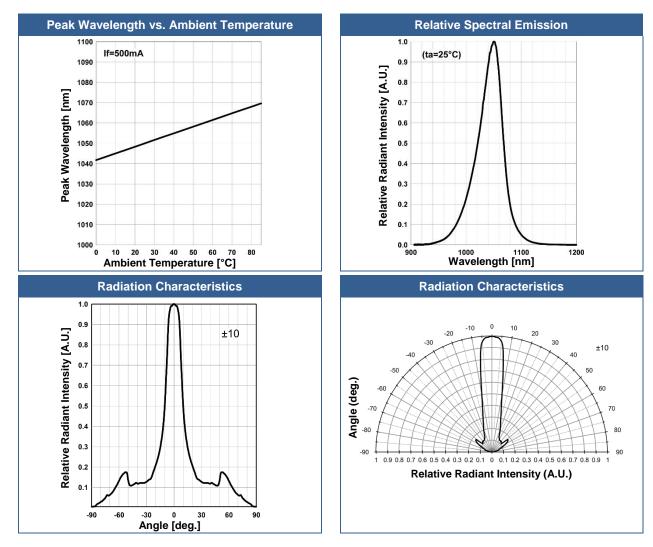
\*2 measured by ANDO Optical Multi Meter AQ2140 & AQ2743



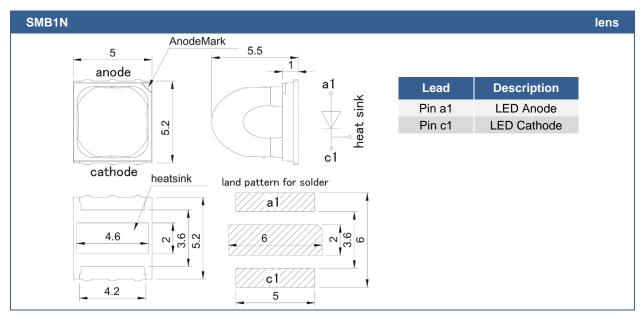
# Typical Performance Curves







## **Outline Dimensions**



All Dimensions in mm



### Precautions

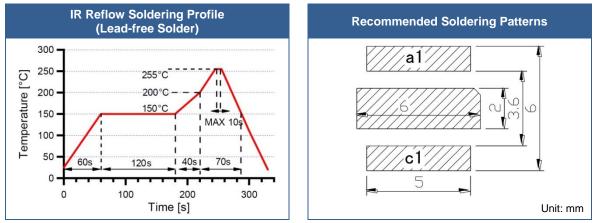
#### Soldering:

- Do avoid overheating of the LED
- Do avoid electrostatic discharge (ESD)
- · Do avoid mechanical stress, shock, and vibration
- Do only use non-corrosive flux
- Do not apply current to the LED until it has cooled down to room temperature after soldering

#### **Recommended soldering conditions:**

This LED is designed to be reflow soldered on to a PCB. If dip soldered or hand soldered, its reliability cannot be guarantee.

Nitrogen reflow soldering is recommended. Air flow soldering conditions can cause optical degradation, caused by heat and/or atmosphere.



Above table specifies the maximum allowed duration and temperature during soldering. It is strongly advised to perform soldering at the shortest time and lowest temperature possible.

#### **Cleaning:**

#### Cleaning with isopropyl alcohol, propanol, or ethyl alcohol is recommended

DO NOT USE acetone, chloroseen, trichloroethylene, or MKS DO NOT USE ultrasonic cleaners

#### **Static Electricity:**

**LEDs are sensitive to electrostatic discharge (ESD)**. Precautions against ESD must be taken when handling or operating these LEDs. Surge voltage or electrostatic discharge can result in complete failure of the device.

#### Radiation:

During operation these LEDs do emit **high intensity light**, which is hazardous to skin and eyes, and may cause cancer. Do avoid exposure to the emitted light. **Protective glasses are recommended**. It is further advised to attach a warning label on products/systems.

#### **Operation:**

#### Do only operate LEDs with a current source.

Running these LEDs from a voltage source will result in complete failure of the device. Current of a LED is an exponential function of the voltage across it. Usage of current regulated drive circuits is mandatory.

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