

LED690-01AU

- IR Through Hole LED
- 690 nm, 6 mW
- AlGaAs chip, 350 x 350 µm
- 5 mm Epoxy Resin Package
- Beam Angle: ±10°



ALL DI



LED690-01AU is an AlGaAs based infrared LED, emitting at a peak wavelength of typically 690 nm and optical output power of 6 mW @ 20 mA. It comes in a **5 mm through hole** clear epoxy resin mold package with a beam angle of ±10°. Different beam angle variants are available on request.

Maximum Ratings*

Parameter	Symbol	Va	Unit		
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	
Power Dissipation	PD		120	mW	
Forward Current	lF		50	mA	
Pulse Forward Current **	IFP		200	mA	
Reverse Voltage	VF		5	V	
Thermal Resistance	Rтнja		300	K/W	
Junction Temperature	TJ		120	°C	
Operating Temperature	TCASE	- 40	+ 100	°C	
Storage Temperature	Tstg	- 40	+ 100	°C	
Lead Solder Temperature (t _{max.} 3s)	Tsld		+ 265	°C	

* Operating close to or exceeding these parameters may damage the device

** duty cycle = 1 %, pulse width = 10 μ s

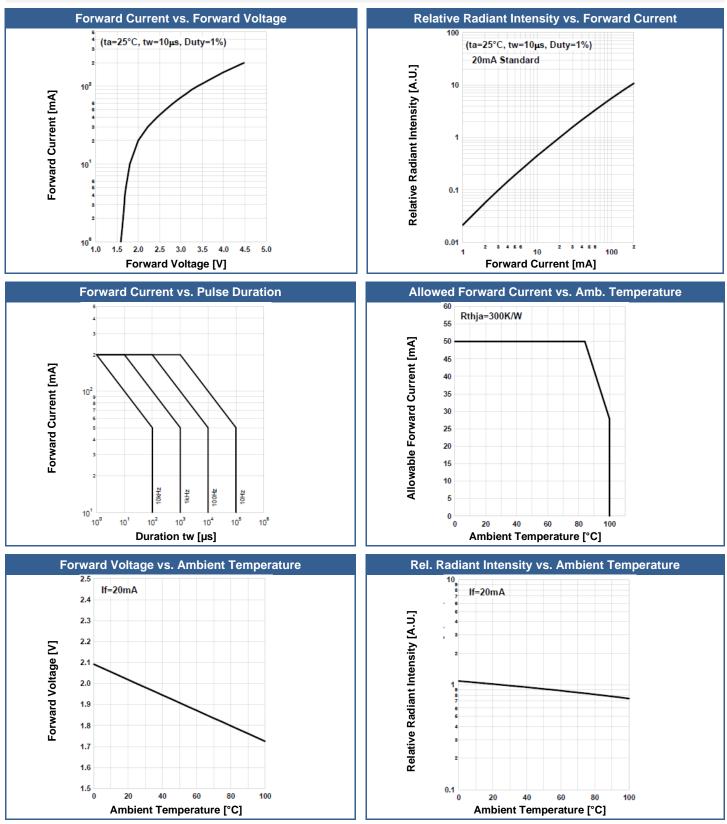
Electro-Optical Characteristics (TCASE = 25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Values Typ.	Max.	Unit
Peak Wavelength	λ_P	I _F =20 mA	680		700	nm
Half Width	λ_{Δ}	I⊧ =20 mA		23		nm
Forward Voltage	VF	I⊧ =20 mA		2.0	2.3	V
	VFP	IFP=200 mA*		4.5		
Total Radiated Power	Po	I _F =20 mA		5.8		mW
		I _{FP} =200 mA*		62		
Radiant Intensity	lE	I _F =20 mA		/		mW/sr
		I _{FP} =200 mA*		/		
Beam Angle	20 1/2	I⊧=20 mA		20		deg.
Rise Time	tr	I _F =20 mA		20		ns
Fall Time	tf	I _F =20 mA		20		ns

* duty cycle = 1 %, pulse width = 10 µs

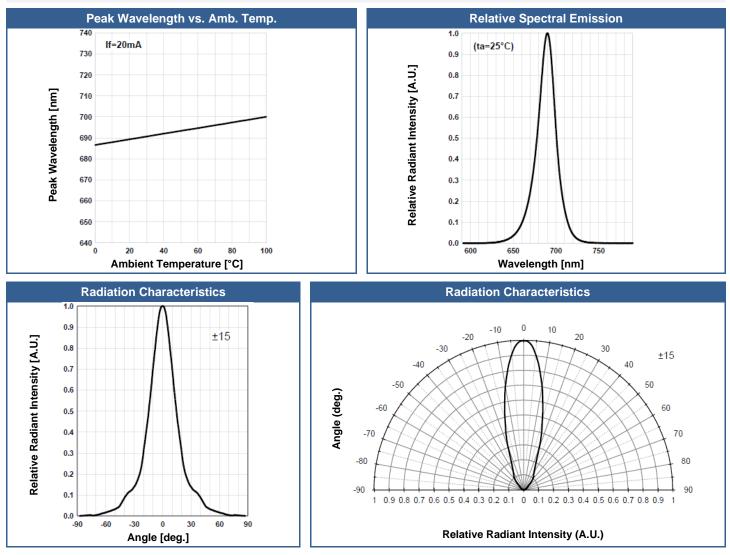


Typical Performance Curves

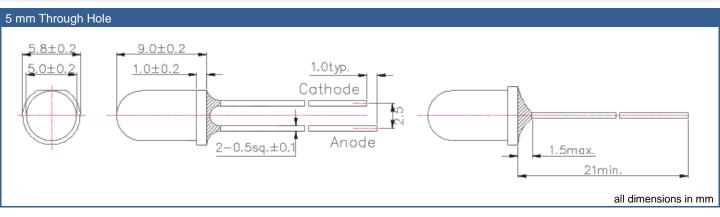




Typical Performance Curves



Outline Dimensions





General Notes

Soldering

- Do avoid overheating of the LED
- Do avoid electrostatic discharge (ESD)
- Do avoid mechanical stress, shock, and vibration
- Do only use non-corrosive flux
- · Do not apply current to the LED until it has cooled down to room temperature after soldering

Cleaning

- · Cleaning with isopropyl alcohol, propanol, or ethyl alcohol is recommended
- DO NOT USE acetone, chloroseen, trichloroethylene, or MKS
- DO NOT USE ultrasonic cleaners

Static Electricity

- LEDs are sensitive to electrostatic discharge (ESD).
- Precautions against ESD must be taken when handling or operating these LEDs
- Surge voltage or electrostatic discharge can result in complete failure of the LED.

Radiation

- During operation these LEDs do emit light, which could be hazardous to skin and eyes, and may cause cancer.
- · Do avoid exposure to the emitted light. Protective glasses if needed
- It is further advised to attach a warning label on products/systems.

Operation

- Do only operate LEDs with a current source.
- Running these LEDs from a voltage source will result in complete failure of the device.
- Current of a LED is an exponential function of the voltage across it. Usage of current regulated drive circuits is mandatory.

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The above specifications are for reference purpose only and subjected to change without prior notice