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02 / 2017

LED365-06Z

- UV LED
- 365 nm, 5.5 mW
- Chip: AlGaN, 350 x 350 µm, 1 pc.
- 5 mm Clear Molding, UV Resin
- Viewing Angle: 8°

RoHS COMPLIANT Pb-Free

Description

LED365-06Z contains one AlGaN LED chip die with a typical peak wavelength of **365 nm** and radiation power of **5.5 mW**. It comes in Ø5 mm clear molding package with soldered lead frame (lead free) and lens molded with UV resin.

Maximum Ratings (T_{CASE}=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Values Min.	Values Max.	Unit
Power Dissipation	P_D		200	mW
Forward Current	I_F		50	mA
Pulse Forward Current *1	I_{FP}		100	mA
~~Reverse Voltage~~	~~V_F~~			~~V~~
Thermal Resistance	R_{THJA}		300	K/W
Junction Temperature	T_J		120	°C
Operating Temperature	T_{CASE}	- 20	+ 100	°C
Storage Temperature	T_{STG}	- 20	+ 100	°C
Lead Solder Temperature *2	T_{SLD}		+ 265	°C

*1 *duty=1%, pulse width = 10 µs*
*2 *must be completed within 5 seconds*

Electro-Optical Characteristics (T_{CASE}=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Peak Wavelength	λ_P	I_F=20mA	360		370	nm
Half Width	$\Delta\lambda$	I_F=20mA		11		nm
Forward Voltage	V_F V_{FP}	I_F=20mA I_{FP}=100mA		3.5 4.0	4.0	V
Radiated Power *1	P_O	I_F=20mA I_{FP}=100mA		5.5 30		mW
Radiant Intensity *2	I_E	I_F=20mA I_{FP}=100mA		71 390		mW/sr
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	I_F=20mA		8		deg.
Rise Time	t_r	I_F=20mA		15		ns
Fall Time	t_f	I_F=20mA		15		ns

*1 *measured by S3584-08*
*2 *measured by CIE127-2007 Condition B*

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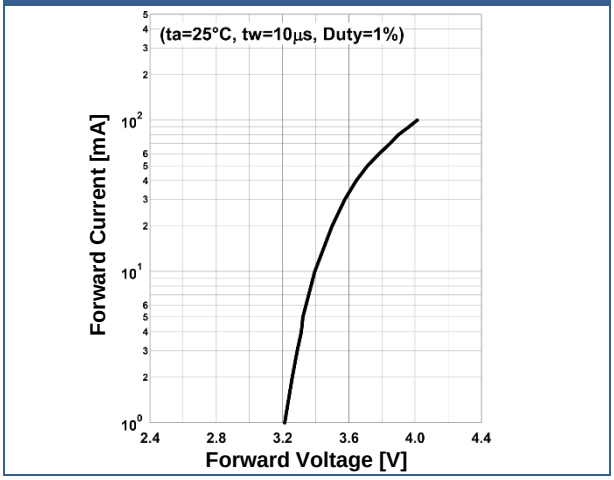
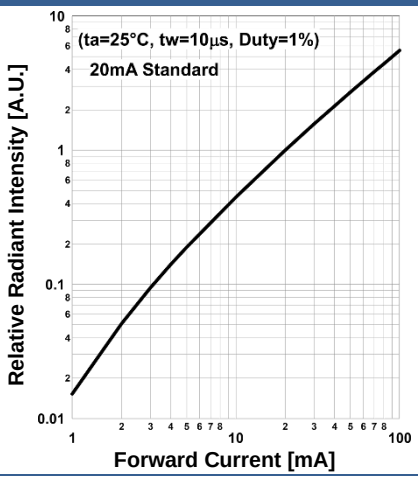
Typical Performance Curves

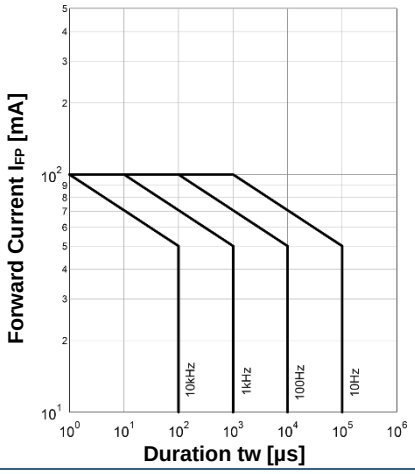
Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage



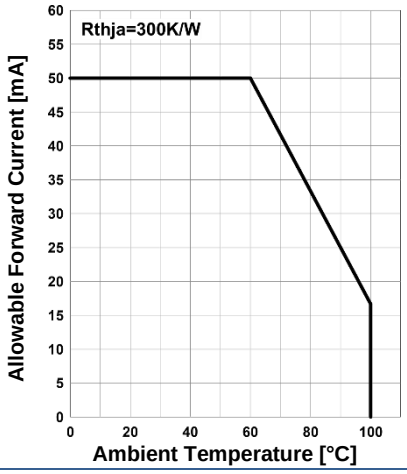
Rel. Radiant Intensity vs. Forward Current



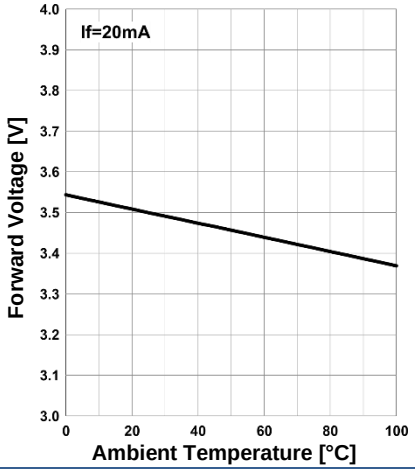
Forward Current vs. Pulse Duration



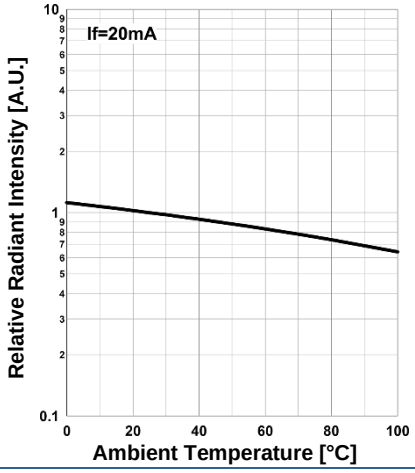
Allowed Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature



Forward Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature



Rel. Radiant Intensity vs. Ambient Temperature



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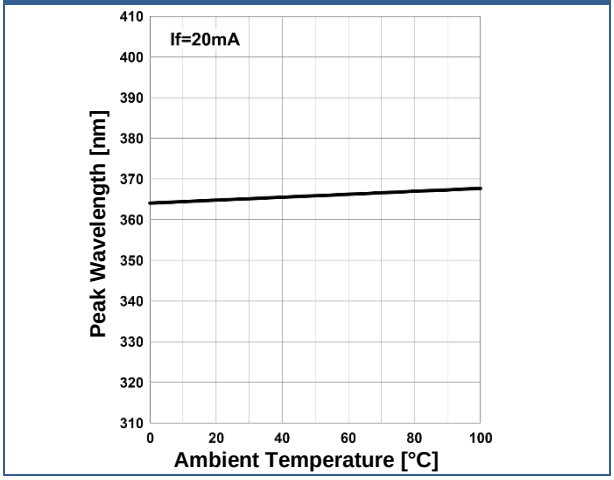
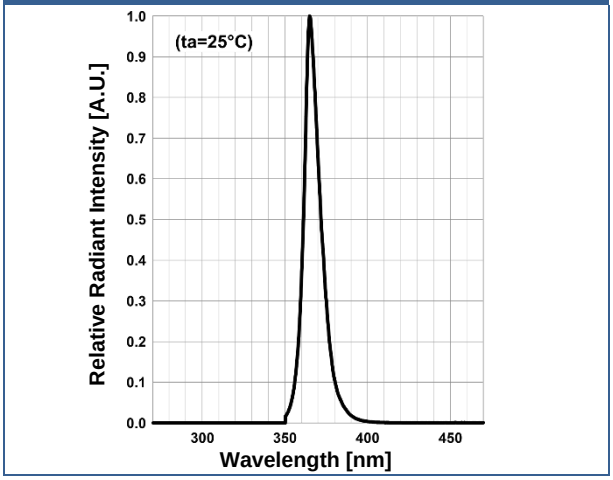
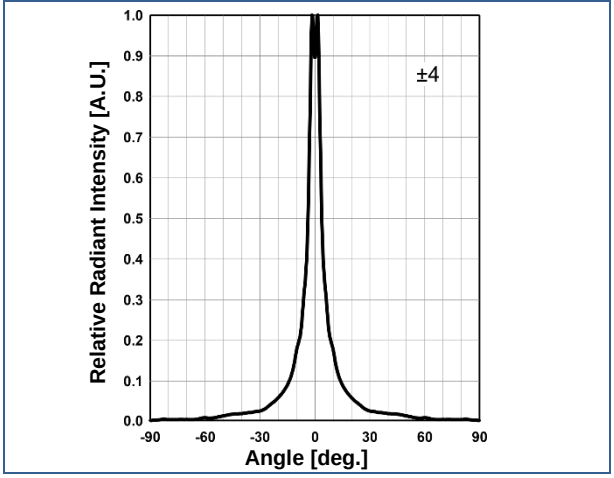
Peak Wavelength vs. Ambient Temperature



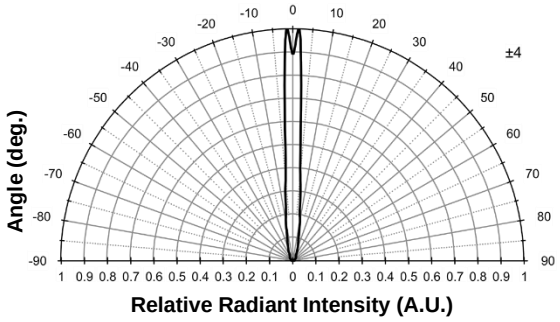
Relative Spectral Emission



Radiation Characteristics

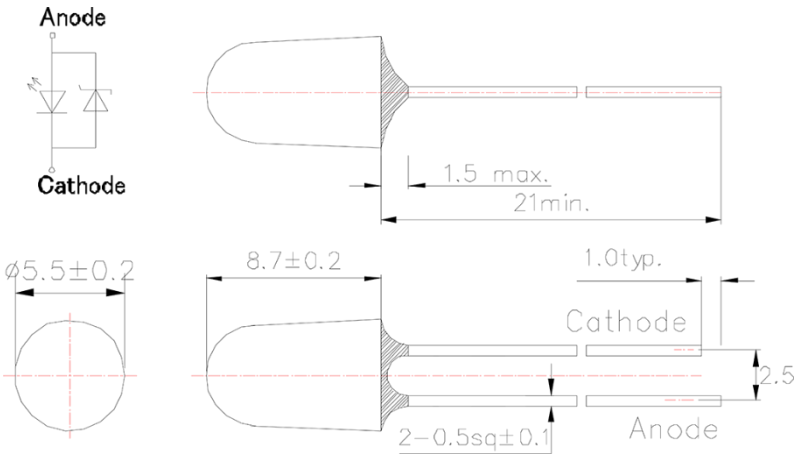


Radiation Characteristics



Outline Dimensions

LED365-06Z **5 mm**



Lead	Description
Short Pin	LED Cathode
Long Pin	LED Anode

All Dimensions in mm

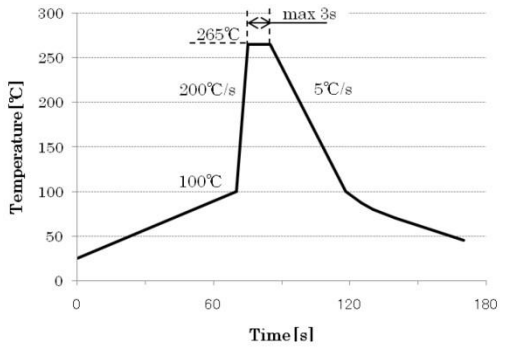
Precautions

Soldering:

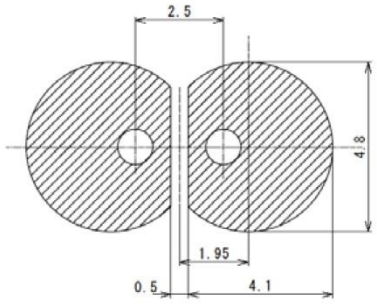
- Do avoid overheating of the LED
- Do avoid electrostatic discharge (ESD)
- Do avoid mechanical stress, shock, and vibration
- Do only use non-corrosive flux
- Do not apply current to the LED until it has cooled down to room temperature after soldering

Recommended soldering conditions:

Soldering Conditions



Recommended Soldering Patterns



Unit: mm

Above table specifies the maximum allowed duration and temperature during soldering. It is strongly advised to perform soldering at the shortest time and lowest temperature possible.

Cleaning:

Cleaning with isopropyl alcohol, propanol, or ethyl alcohol is recommended
DO NOT USE acetone, chloroseen, trichloroethylene, or MKS
DO NOT USE ultrasonic cleaners

Static Electricity:

LEDs are sensitive to electrostatic discharge (ESD). Precautions against ESD must be taken when handling or operating these LEDs. Surge voltage or electrostatic discharge can result in complete failure of the device.

Radiation:

During operation these LEDs do emit light, which could be hazardous to skin and eyes, and may cause cancer. Do avoid exposure to the emitted light. Protective glasses if needed. It is further advised to attach a warning label on products/systems.

Operation:

Do *only* operate LEDs with a current source.
Running these LEDs from a voltage source will result in complete failure of the device.
Current of a LED is an exponential function of the voltage across it. Usage of current regulated drive circuits is mandatory.