

SPL785-50-105M-PD

- **Fiber-Coupled Laser Diode** •
- 785 nm, 50 mW •
- 105 µm Multimode Fiber
- **Built-in Photodiode** •



Description

SPL785-50-105M-PD is an infrared fiber-coupled laser diode, typically emitting at 785 nm with an output power of 50 mW. It comes in a coaxial package with a mounting bracket, 105 µm multimode fiber, FC/PC connector and built-in PD.

Additional options such as alternative fiber connector or package are available on request...

Maximum Rating (TCASE = 25°C)

Parameter	Symbol		Unit	
Falalletei		Min.	Max.	Unit
Reverse Voltage	V _R		2.0	V
PD Reverse Voltage	V _{PDR}		30	V
Operating Temperature	TOPR	- 10	+ 60	°C
Storage Temperature	TSTG	- 40	+ 85	°C
Soldering Temperature (max. 3s)	T _{SOL}		+ 260	°C

Electro-Optical Characteristics (TCASE = 25°C)

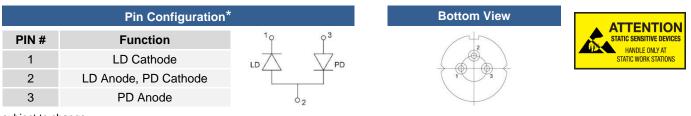
Parameter		Symbol	Values			Unit
			Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Peak Wavelength		λ_{P}	770	785	795	nm
Spectral Width (FWHM)		$\Delta \lambda$				nm
Output Power		Po		50		mW
Threshold Current		<i>I</i> th		30	50	mA
Operating Current		l _F		120	140	mA
Operating Voltage		VF		2.0	2.5	V
PD Current		I PD		0.3		mA
Fiber Specification	Туре					
	Core		105			μm
	Connector *		FC/PC			
	Length			80		cm



* optional: SC or SMA905

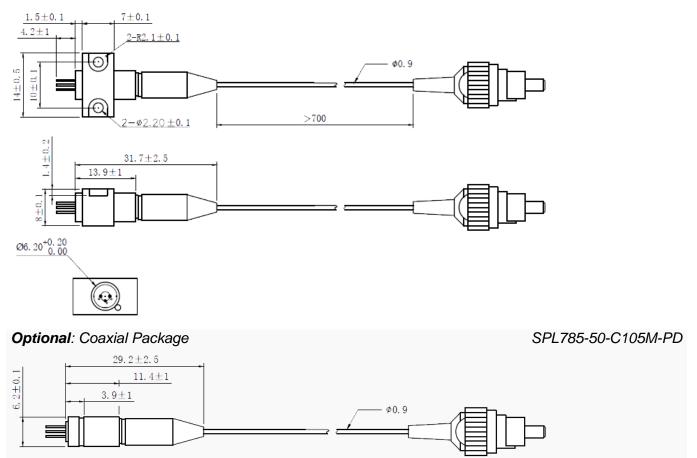


Electrical Connection



* subject to change

Outline Dimension



All dimensions in mm



Precautions

Safety

Caution: Laser light emitted from any laser diode may be harmful to the human eye. Avoid looking directly into the laser diode's aperture when the diode is in operation.

Note: The use of optical lenses with this laser diode will increase eye hazard

ESD Caution

Always do handle laser diodes with extreme care to **prevent electrostatic discharge**, the primary cause of unexpected diode failure. To prevent ESD related failures we strongly advise to always **wearing wrist straps**, and **grounding all applicable work surfaces**, when handling laser diodes

Operating Considerations

We strongly advise to only operate this laser diode with a current source. The current of a laser diode is an exponential function of the voltage across it. Usage of current regulated drive circuits is mandatory.

Laser diodes may be damaged by excessive drive currents or switching transients

It is advised, to operate the laser diode at the lowest temperature possible, and to never exceed maximum specifications as outlined in the datasheet. Device degradation will accelerate with increased temperature. **Proper heat sinking will greatly enhance stability and life-time of the laser diode.**

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The above specifications are for reference purpose only and subjected to change without prior notice



