



## SPL1450-10-9-PDI

- Infrared Pigtailed DFB Laser Diode
- 1450 nm, 10 mW
- Single Mode Fiber
- FC/PC connector
- Built-in Photodiode & Optical Isolator



### Description

**SPL1450-10-9-PDI** is an infrared pigtailed DFB laser diode, typically emitting at 1450 nm with an output power of 10 mW. It comes in a coaxial package with a heat sink, 9  $\mu\text{m}$  single mode fiber, FC/PC connector, built-in PD and optical isolator.

**Additional options** like closer peak wavelength selection, different fiber connector or package, and high polarization extinction ratio (PER) version are available on request.

### Maximum Rating

Parameter	Symbol	Values		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
Reverse Voltage	$V_R$		2.0	V
PD Reverse Voltage	$V_{PDR}$		15	V
Operating Temperature	$T_{OPR}$	- 20	+ 50	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	$T_{STG}$	- 40	+ 100	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Soldering Temperature (max. 3s)	$T_{SOL}$		+ 260	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

### Electro-Optical Characteristics ( $T_{CASE} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Peak Wavelength *1	$\lambda_P$	1440	1450	1460	nm
Output Power	$P_O$		10		mW
Spectral Width (FWHM)	$\Delta\lambda$		0.3	1	nm
Operating Voltage	$V_F$		1.4	1.7	V
Threshold Current	$I_{th}$		5	15	mA
Operating Current	$I_F$		90	100	mA
SMSR			35		dB
Fiber Specification	Type	Single Mode			
	Core		9		$\mu\text{m}$
	Connector		FC/PC		
	Length		80		cm

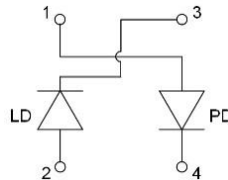
\*1 optional: down to  $\pm 3$  nm



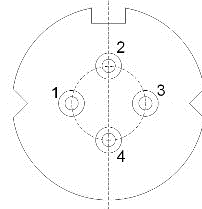


## Electrical Connection

Pin Configuration*	
PIN #	Function
1	PD Anode
2	LD Anode, Ground
3	LD Cathode
4	PD Cathode

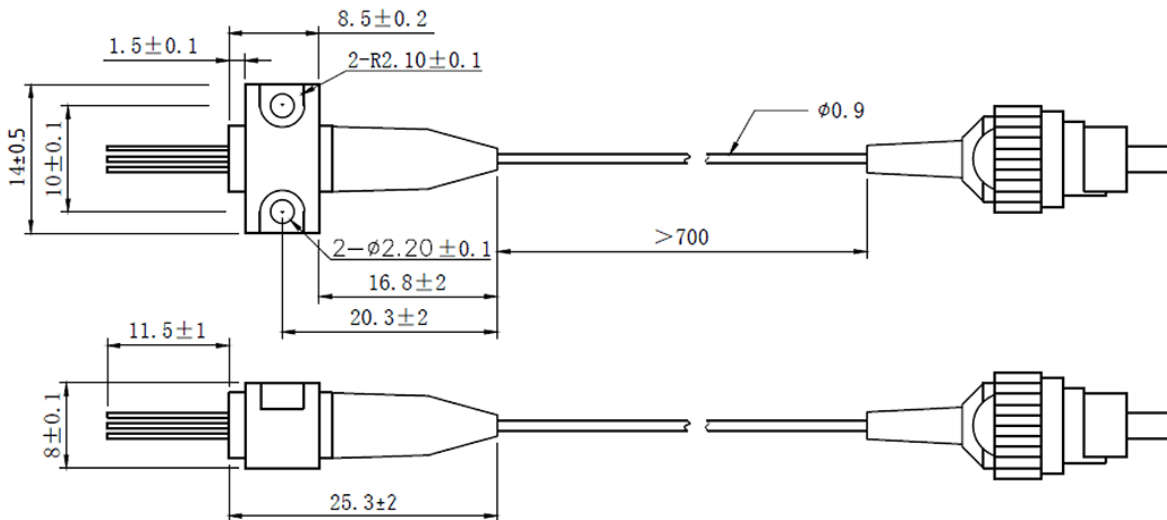


Bottom View



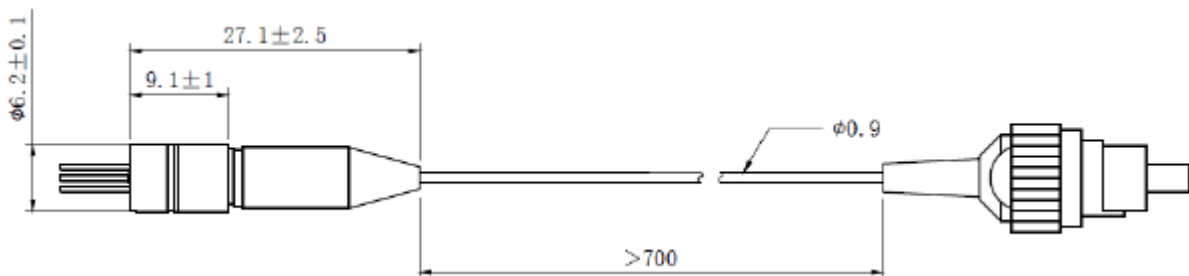
\* subject to change

## Outline Dimension



**Optional: Coaxial Package**

SPL1450-10-9-C-PDI



All dimensions in mm



## Precautions

### Safety

**Caution:** Laser light emitted from any laser diode may be harmful to the human eye. Avoid looking directly into the laser diode's aperture when the diode is in operation.

**Note:** The use of optical lenses with this laser diode will increase eye hazard



### ESD Caution

Always do handle laser diodes with extreme care to **prevent electrostatic discharge**, the primary cause of unexpected diode failure. To prevent ESD related failures we strongly advise to always **wearing wrist straps**, and **grounding all applicable work surfaces**, when handling laser diodes



### Operating Considerations

We strongly advise to only operate this laser diode with a current source. The current of a laser diode is an exponential function of the voltage across it. **Usage of current regulated drive circuits is mandatory.**

Laser diodes may be damaged by excessive drive currents or switching transients

It is advised, to operate the laser diode at the lowest temperature possible, and to never exceed maximum specifications as outlined in the datasheet. Device degradation will accelerate with increased temperature. **Proper heat sinking will greatly enhance stability and life-time of the laser diode.**