

# **QL67F7SA**

- Red Laser Diode
- 670 nm, 10 mW
- Single transverse mode
- 5.6 mm package, Flat Window

### Description

QL67F7SA is a band gain guided InGaAIP laser diode with quantum well structure, typically emitting at 670 nm, with a nominal output power of 10 mW. It features single transverse mode emission and wide operating temperature range of up to 70°C. QL67F7SA comes in 5.6 mm TO-Can package with integrated PD. It is an efficient radiation source for many industrial applications.

## Maximum Rating\*

Deremeter	Symphol	Val	Unit		
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	
Optical Output Power*1	Po(CW)		12	mW	
LD Reverse Voltage	V <sub>RLD</sub>		2	V	
PD Reverse Voltage	VRPD		30	V	
Operating Temperature*1	TOPR	- 10	+ 70	°C	
Storage Temperature	TSTG	- 40	+ 85	°C	
Soldering Temperature (max. 3s)	$T_{SOL}$		+ 260	°C	

\* operating outside these conditions may damage the device

\*1 operating at maximum ratings may influence the life time

# Electro-Optical Characteristics (TCASE = 25°C)

Parameter		Symbol	Values			
			Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Peak Wavelength		λΡ	660	670	680	nm
Optical Output Power		Po		10		mW
Operating Voltage		VF		2.3	2.6	V
Threshold Current		<i>I</i> th		20	40	mA
Operating Current		lF		40	60	mA
Monitor Current		Iм	0.1	0.3	0.8	mA
Slope Efficiency		CW	0.5	0.8	1.1	W/A
Chip Positioning Accuracy		$\Delta X$ , $\Delta Y$ , $\Delta Z$ ,	-60		+60	μm
Astigmatism		As		8		μm
Beam Divergence (FWHM)	parallel	θII	7	9	11	deg.
	perpendicular	θΤ	20	28	35	deg.
Beam Angle Deviance	parallel	Δ <del>Ο</del> ΙΙ	-1.5		+1.5	deg.
	perpendicular	∆⊖⊥	-1.5		+2.5	deg.



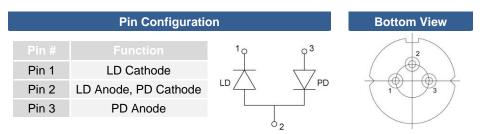
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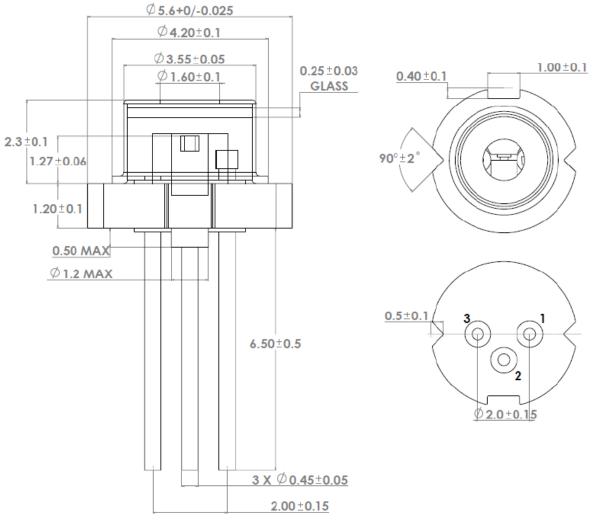
STATIC WORK STATIONS



**Electrical Connection** 



# **Outline Dimensions**



All dimensions in mm



### Precautions

### Safety

Caution: Laser light emitted from any laser diode may be harmful to the human eye. Avoid looking directly into the laser diode's aperture when the diode is in operation.

Note: The use of optical lenses with this laser diode will increase eye hazard

### **ESD** caution

Always do handle laser diodes with extreme care to **prevent electrostatic discharge**, the primary cause of unexpected diode failure. To prevent ESD related failures, it is strongly advised to always **wearing wrist straps**, and **grounding all applicable work surfaces**, when handling laser diodes

#### **Operating Considerations**

It is strongly advised to only operate this laser diode with a current source. The current of a laser diode is an exponential function of the voltage across it. **Usage of current regulated drive circuits is mandatory.** Laser diodes may be damaged by excessive drive currents or switching transients

It is advised, to operate the laser diode at the lowest temperature possible, and to never exceed maximum specifications as outlined in the datasheet. Device degradation will accelerate with increased temperature. **Proper heat sinking will greatly enhance stability and life time of the laser diode** 

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The above specifications are for reference purpose only and subjected to change without prior notice.